ORDINANCE 135

AN ORDINANCE ADOPTING CHAPTER 70 OF THE 1991 UNIFORM BUILDING CODE REGULATING GRADING AND EXCAVATING; REPEALING ORDINANCE 106 SECTION 5 (2); PROVIDING ENFORCEMENT; AND DECLARING AN EMERGENCY

Dunes City ordains as follows:

I. PURPOSE

The purpose of this section is to adopt Chapter 70 of the 1991 edition of the Uniform Building Code to regulate excavating and grading within the City, subject to the following exceptions and additions as set forth below.

II. ADOPTION CHAPTER 70 UNIFORM BUILDING CODES

The City of Dunes City, hereby adopts Chapter 70 of the 1991 Edition of the Uniform Building Code, subject to the following exceptions below:

Sec. 7003 delete numbers 1, 4 and 6.

Sec. 7003 delete number 7 and add a new number 7. "Exploratory excavations for sewage disposal, water test holes, wells and, soil investigations".

Sec. 7003 add a new number 10. "A person must obtain a permit to excavate or grade in any shoreland zone. This excavation or grading must be done in compliance with this ordinance, the comprehensive plan and the vegetation removal ordinance. There will be no mechanized earth moving or heavy equipment, with the exception of pile drivers with a permit, allowed below 25 feet from the high water line."

Sec. 7006 change (d) 5 from "15 feet" to "25 feet".

Sec. 7009 add (c) "No grading or excavating shall be done within 10 feet of any site boundary except as needed for ingress and egress and utility access.

Sec. 7009 add a new number (d) Revegetation. "No graded or excavated surface shall be left or abandoned without revegetation for more than one year. If the cut is deeper than 4 feet, and the intended construction is not begun or completed within one year of completion of grading or excavation, the area shall be restored to the natural grade existing prior to commencement of such activity, and shall be revegetated subject to City approval. Under no circumstances are graded areas to be abandoned without regard to safety, erosion or aesthetics, regardless of depth. The above is subject to extension, subject to the discretion of Dunes City."

Sec. 7009 add a new number (e) Lateral Support. "Grading operations shall not effect the lateral support or increase the stresses in or pressure upon any adjacent or contiguous property."

Sec. 7009 add a new number (f) Hazards. "Barriers shall be erected around any open pit, quarry, cistern, or other like excavation to prevent injury to any person, specifically children. This section shall also apply to any such hazards exisiting at the time of adoption of this ordinance.

Sec. 7011 add to (b) Top of Cut Slope. ... "Under no circumstances shall a top of a cut slope be made nearer than 10 feet to any site boundary line.

Sec 7012 delete (d) Disposal ... "to the nearest practicable drainageway."

Sec 7012 add (d) Disposal ..." 1. All drainage facilities where practicable shall be designed to contain water on the property. In no event shall drainage be allowed to cross a site boundary unless it is to access a drainage ditch, culvert or dry well.

- 2. Where such water drainage cannot be contained on the property, the water shall be directed into a drywell, or into a system approved by the building inspector which will effectively attenuate phosphorus pollution in the water runoff.
- 3. Regarding water runoff from driveways, patios, and other similar structures, the water shall be collected and directed into a drywell. All dry wells discussed under this subsection shall be a sufficient size and capacity to absorb a 100 year maximum of 24 hour rainfall."

III ENFORCEMENT

Sec 7016 Enforcement. "Notwithstanding any other provisions of the Oregon State Building Codes as adopted by Dunes City, if the council receives information that a violation of this ordinance may exist, it shall direct the site review committee to inspect the site and determine whether there is a violation. The committee shall make a report and if there is a violation, direct the offender to take steps to remedy the violation. If an agreement is not reached regarding the appropriate remedy of the situation, the nuisance may be abated pursuant to ordinance 108 regarding abatement of nuisances.

If there is a conflict in reaching an agreement between the offender, the building inspector or adjacent property owners, the city council will make the final determination.

Passed by the City Council of Dunes City, Lane County, Oregon, this 14th day of August , 1992, by the following vote:

Aye 5 Nay 0 Abstain 0 Absent 1

APPROVED:

Robert Petersdorf', Mayor

ATTEST:

Kathie Hilborn, City Recorder

EXCAVATION AND GRADING

the public welfare by regulating grading on private property. Sec. 7001. The purpose of this appendix is to safeguard life, limb, property and

plans and inspection of grading construction. grading and earthwork construction, including fills and embankments: establishes the administrative procedure for issuance of permits; and provides for approval of Sec. 7002. This appendix sets forth rules and regulations to control excavation.

part of this code (see Sections 6002 and 6003). The standards listed below are guideline standards and as such are not adopted as

- A. ASTM D 1557, Moisture-density Relations of Soils and Soil Aggregrate Mixtures
- ASTM D 1556, In Place Density of Soils by the Sand-Cone Method
- ASTMD 2167. In Place Density of Soils by the Rubber-Balloon Method
- ASTM D 2937, In Place Density of Soils by the Drive-Cylinder Method
- ASTM D 2922 and D 3017. In Place Moisture Contact and Density of Soils by Nuclear Methods

Permits Required

- Sec. 7003. (a) Permits Required. Except as specified in Subsection (b) of this section, no person shall do any grading without first having obtained a grading permit from the building official.
- A-When approved by the building official, grading in an isolated, self-con-(b) Exempted Work. A grading permit is not required for the following:
- tained area if there is no danger to private or public property. tion of such structure any excavation having an unsupported height greater than 5 feet after the compleshall not exempt any fill made with the material from such excavation or exempt ing, retaining wall or other structure authorized by a valid building permit. This 2. An excavation below finished grade for basements and footings of a build-
- Cemetery graves.
- Zelate X4. Refuse disposal sites controlled by other regulations:
- Excavations for wells or tunnels or utilities
- Selest X 6. Mining-quarrying, excavating, processing, stockpiling of rock, sand, gravel, aggregate or clay, where established and provided for by law, provided such operations do not affect the lateral support or increase the stresses in or pressure upon any

adjacent or contiguous property.

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- 7. Exploratoryexcavations under the direction of soil engineers or engineering -geologists. Revised See Ord. # 135
- create a cut slope greater than 5 feet in height and steeper than 11/2 horizontal to 1 8. An excavation which (1) is less than 2 feet in depth, or (2) which does not
- structures, which does not exceed 50 cubic yards on any one lot and does not obthan 5 horizontal to 1 vertical, or less than 3 feet in depth, not intended to support struct a drainage course. 9. A fill less than I foot in depth and placed on natural terrain with a slope flatter
- sions of this chapter or any other laws or ordinances of this jurisdiction. #135

 * All #10- 5hove land Zone grading. Jee ord. #135

 Hazards grant authorization for any work to be done in any manner in violation of the provi-Exemption from the permit requirements of this chapter shall not be deemed to

or endangers property, or adversely affects the safety, use or stability of a public notice in writing from the building official, shall within the period specified therein fill is located, or other person or agent in control of said property, upon receipt of way or drainage channel, the owner of the property upon which the excavation or tion or embankment or fill on private property has become a hazard to life and limb. repair or eliminate such excavation or embankment so as to eliminate the hazard and be in conformance with the requirements of this code. Sec. 7004. Whenever the building official determines that any existing excava-

shall be construed as specified in this section. Sec. 7005. For the purposes of this appendix the definitions listed hereunder

chapter in the opinion of the building official. APPROVAL shall mean the proposed work or completed work conforms to this

AS-GRADED is the extent of surface conditions on completion of grading. BEDROCK is in-place solid rock.

BENCH is a relatively level step excavated into earth material on which fill is to

BORROW is earth material acquired from an off-site location for use in grading

in the field of civil works. CIVIL ENGINEER is a professional engineer registered in the state to practice

nature, principles of mechanics and the properties of materials to the evaluation. design and construction of civil works. CIVIL ENGINEERING is the application of the knowledge of the forces of

COMPACTION is the densification of a fill by mechanical means.

EARTH MATERIAL is any rock, natural soil or fill or any combination

able in engineering geology ENGINEERING GEOLOGIST is a geologist experienced and knowledge-

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ENGINEERING GEOLOGY is the application of geologic knowledge and principles in the investigation and evaluation of naturally occurring rock and soil for use in the design of civil works.

EROSION is the wearing away of the ground surface as a result of the movement of wind, water or ice.

EXCAVATION is the mechanical removal of earth material

FILL is a deposit of earth material placed by artificial means

GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER. See "soils engineer."

GRADE is the vertical location of the ground surface

Existing Grade is the grade prior to grading.

Rough Grade is the stage at which the grade approximately conforms to the approved plan.

Finish Grade is the final grade of the site which conforms to the approved plan. GRADING is any excavating or filling or combination thereof.

KEY is a designed compacted fill placed in a trench excavated in earth material beneath the toe of a proposed fill slope.

professional inspection required by this code to be performed by the civil engineer, soils engineer or engineering geologist. Such inspections include that performed by persons supervised by such engineers or geologists and shall be sufficient to form an opinion relating to the conduct of the work.

SITE is any lot or parcel of land or contiguous combination thereof, under the same ownership, where grading is performed or permitted.

SLOPE is an inclined ground surface the inclination of which is expressed as a ratio of horizontal distance to vertical distance.

SOIL is naturally occurring superficial deposits overlying bedrock.

SOILS ENGINEER (GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER) is an engineer experienced and knowledgeable in the practice of soils engineering (geotechnical) engineering.

SOILS ENGINEERING (GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING) is the application of the principles of soils mechanics in the investigation, evaluation and design of civil works involving the use of earth materials and the inspection or testing of the construction thereof.

TERRACE is a relatively level step constructed in the face of a graded slope surface for drainage and maintenance purposes.

Grading Permit Requirements

Sec. 7006. (a) Permits Required. Except as exempted in Section 7003 of this code, no person shall do any grading without first obtaining a grading permit from the building official. A separate permit shall be obtained for each site, and may cover both excavations and fills.

(b) Application. The provisions of Section 302 (a) are applicable to grading and in addition the application shall state the estimated quantities of work involved.

(c) Grading Designation. Grading in excess of 5,000 cubic yards shall be performed in accordance with the approved grading plan prepared by a civil engineer.

and shall be designated as "engineered grading." Grading involving less than 5,000 cubic yards shall be designated "regular grading" unless the permittee chooses to have the grading performed as engineered grading, or the building official determines that special conditions or unusual hazards exist, in which case grading shall conform to the requirements for engineered grading.

(d) Engineered Grading Requirements. Application for a grading permit shall be accompanied by two sets of plans and specifications, and supporting data consisting of a soils engineering report and engineering geology report. The plans and specifications shall be prepared and signed by an individual licensed by the state to prepare such plans or specifications when required by the building official.

Specifications shall contain information covering construction and material requirements.

Plans shall be drawn to scale upon substantial paper or cloth and shall be of sufficient clarity to indicate the nature and extent of the work proposed and show in detail that they will conform to the provisions of this code and all relevant laws, ordinances, rules and regulations. The first sheet of each set of plans shall give location of the work, the name and address of the owner and the person by whom they were prepared.

The plans shall include the following information:

- 1. General vicinity of the proposed site.
- Property limits and accurate contours of existing ground and details of terrain and area drainage.
- Limiting dimensions, elevations or finish contours to be achieved by the grading, and proposed drainage channels and related construction.
- 4. Detailed plans of all surface and subsurface drainage devices, walls, cribbing, dams and other protective devices to be constructed with, or as a part of, the proposed work together with a map showing the drainage area and the estimated runoff of the area served by any drains.
- * 5. Location of any buildings or structures on the property where the work is to be performed and the location of any buildings or structures on land of adjacent owners which are within *5 feet of the property or which may be affected by the proposed grading operations. 25 feet Revised Ord #135
- 6. Recommendations included in the soils engineering report and the engineering geology report shall be incorporated in the grading plans or specifications. When approved by the building official, specific recommendations contained in the soils engineering report and the engineering geology report, which are applicable to grading, may be included by reference.
- The dates of the soils engineering and engineering geology reports together with the names, addresses and phone numbers of the firms or individuals who prepared the reports.
- section (d) shall include data regarding the nature, distribution and strength of existing soils, conclusions and recommendations for grading procedures and design criteria for corrective measures, including buttress fills, when necessary, and

opinion on adequacy for the intended use of sites to be developed by the proposed grading as affected by soils engineering factors, including the stability of slopes.

- (f) Engineering Geology Report. The engineering geology report required by Subsection (d) shall include an adequate description of the geology of the site, conclusions and recommendations regarding the effect of geologic conditions on the proposed development, and opinion on the adequacy for the intended use of sites to be developed by the proposed grading, as affected by geologic factors.
- (g) Regular Grading Requirements. Each application for a grading permit shall be accompanied by a plan in sufficient clarity to indicate the nature and extent of the work. The plans shall give the location of the work, the name of the owner and the name of the person who prepared the plan. The plan shall include the following information:
- 1. General vicinity of the proposed site.
- Limiting dimensions and depth of cut and fill.
- Location of any buildings or structures where work is to be performed, and the location of any buildings or structures within 15 feet of the proposed grading.
- (h) Issuance. The provisions of Section 303 are applicable to grading permits. The building official may require that grading operations and project designs be modified if delays occur which incur weather-generated problems not considered at the time the permit was issued.

The building official may require professional inspection and testing by the soils engineer. When the building official has cause to believe that geologic factors may be involved, the grading will be required to conform to engineered grading.

Grading Fees

- Sec. 7007. (a) General. Fees shall be assessed in accordance with the provisions of this section or shall be as set forth in the fee schedule adopted by the jurisdiction.
- (b) Plan Review Fees. When a plan or other data are required to be submitted, a plan review fee shall be paid at the time of submitting plans and specifications for review. Said plan review fee shall be as set forth in Table No. 70-A. Separate plan review fees shall apply to retaining walls or major drainage structures as required elsewhere in this code. For excavation and fill on the same site, the fee shall be based on the volume of excavation or fill, whichever is greater.
- (c) Grading Permit Fees. A fee for each grading permit shall be paid to the building official as set forth in Table No. 70-B. Separate permits and fees shall apply to retaining walls or major drainage structures as required elsewhere in this code. There shall be no separate charge for standard terrace drains and similar facilities.

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TABLE NO. 70-A—GRADING PLAN REVIEW FEES

100,001 to 200,000 cubic yards—\$165.00 for the first 100,000 cubic yards, plus \$9.00 for each additional 10,000 cubic yards or fraction thereof.

200,001 cubic yards or more—\$255.00 for the first 200,000 cubic yards, plus \$4.50 for each additional 10,000 cubic yards or fraction thereof.

Other Fee

to the state of th	(minimum charge—one-half hour)	or revisions to approved plans	Additional plan review required by changes, additions	* 3000 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
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*Or the total hourly cost to the jurisdiction, whichever is the greatest. This cost shall include supervision, overhead, equipment, hourly wages and fringe benefits of the employees involved.

TABLE NO. 70-B-GRADING PERMIT FEES!

50 cubic yards or less

1,001 to 10,000 cubic yards—\$117.00 for the first 1,000 cubic yards, plus \$9.00 for each additional 1,000 cubic yards or fraction thereof.

10,001 to 100,000 cubic yards—\$198.00 for the first 10,000 cubic yards, plus \$40.50 for each additional 10,000 cubic yards or fraction thereof.

100,001 cubic yards or more—\$562.50 for the first 100,000 cubic yards, plus \$22,50 for each additional 10,000 cubic yards or fraction thereof.

Other Inspections and Fees:

1 Increasions for which no fee is specifically indicated \$30.00 per hour	Section 305 (g)	Reinspection fees assessed under provisions of	(minimum charge—two hours)	l. Inspections outside of normal business hours
rally indicated	* * * * * * * * * * * * *	visions of		S hours
20 OC	\$30.00			330.00
2) per			per
Tour.	hour			nour

The fee for a grading permit authorizing additional work to that under a valid permit shall be the difference between the fee paid for the original permit and the fee shown for the entire project.

(minimum charge—one-half hour)

Or the total hourly cost to the jurisdiction, whichever is the greatest. This cost shall include supervision, overhead, equipment, hourly wages and fringe benefits of the employees involved.

Bond

Sec. 7008. The building official may require bonds in such form and amounts as may be deemed necessary to assure that the work, if not completed in accordance with the approved plans and specifications, will be corrected to eliminate hazard-ous conditions.

In lieu of a surety bond the applicant may file a cash bond or instrument of credit with the building official in an amount equal to that which would be required in the surety bond.

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Sec. 7009. (a) General. Unless otherwise recommended in the approved soils engineering or engineering geology report, cuts shall conform to the provisions of this section.

In the absence of an approved soils engineering report, these provisions may be waived for minor cuts not intended to support structures.

(b) Slope. The slope of cut surfaces shall be no steeper than is safe for the intended use and shall be no steeper than 2 horizontal to 1 vertical unless the permittee furnishes a soils engineering or an engineering geology report, or both, stating that the site has been investigated and giving an opinion that a cut at a steeper slope will be stable and not create a hazard to public or private property.

(c) No grading with a 10 of any boundar - See Fills (d) Revegation

Fills (1) Reversation and 4/8 (2) LateralSec. 7010. (a) General. Unless otherwise recommended in the approved soils are engineering report, fills shall conform to the provisions of this section.

Support In the absence of an approved soils engineering report, these provisions may be waived for minor fills not intended to support structures.

(b) Preparation of Ground. Fill clones chall are the support structures.

(b) Preparation of Ground. Fill slopes shall not be constructed on natural slopes steeper than 2:1. The ground surface shall be prepared to receive fill by removing vegetation, noncomplying fill, topsoil and other unsuitable materials scarifying to provide a bond with the new fill and, where slopes are steeper than 5:1 and the height is greater than 5 feet, by benching into sound bedrock or other competent material as determined by the soils engineer. The bench under the toe of a fill on a slope steeper than 5:1 shall be at least 10 feet wide. The area beyond the toe of fill shall be sloped for sheet overflow or a paved drain shall be provided. When fill is to be placed over a cut, the bench under the toe of fill shall be at least 10 feet wide but the cut shall be made before placing the fill and acceptance by the soils engineer or engineering geologist or both as a suitable foundation for fill.

(c) Fill Material. Detrimental amounts of organic material shall not be permitted in fills. Except as permitted by the building official, no rock or similar irreducible material with a maximum dimension greater than 12 inches shall be buried or placed in fills.

EXCEPTION: The building official may permit placement of larger rock when the soils engineer properly devises a method of placement, and continuously inspects its placement and approves the fill stability. The following conditions shall also ap-

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A. Prior to issuance of the grading permit, potential rock disposal areas shall be delineated on the grading plan.

B. Rock sizes greater than 12 inches in maximum dimension shall be 10 feet or more below grade, measured vertically.

C. Rocks shall be placed so as to assure filling of all voids with well-graded soil. (d) Compaction. All fills shall be compacted to a minimum of 90 percent of

(e) Slope. The slope of fill surfaces shall be no steeper than is safe for the intended use. Fill slopes shall be no steeper than 2 horizontal to 1 vertical.

Setbacks

Sec. 7011. (a) General. Cut and fill slopes shall be set back from site boundaries in accordance with this section. Setback dimensions shall be horizontal distances measured perpendicular to the site boundary. Setback dimensions shall be as shown in Figure No. 70-1.

(b) Top of Cut Slope. The top of cut slopes shall not be made nearer to a site boundary line than one fifth of the vertical height of cut with a minimum of 2 feet and a maximum of 10 feet. The setback may need to be increased for any required interceptor drains. No weaven then 10 to 5 to 5 to boundary

(c) Toe of Fill Slope. The toe of fill slope shall be made not nearer to the site boundary line than one half the height of the slope with a minimum of 2 feet and a maximum of 20 feet. Where a fill slope is to be located near the site boundary and the adjacent off-site property is developed, special precautions shall be incorporated in the work as the building official deems necessary to protect the adjoining property from damage as a result of such grading. These precautions may include but are not limited to:

- Additional setbacks.
- Provision for retaining or slough walls.
- Mechanical or chemical treatment of the fill slope surface to minimize ero-
- 4. Provisions for the control of surface waters.

(d) Modification of Slope Location. The building official may approve alternate setbacks. The building official may require an investigation and recommendation by a qualified engineer or engineering geologist to demonstrate that the intent of this section has been satisfied.

Drainage and Terracing

Sec. 7012. (a) General. Unless otherwise indicated on the approved grading plan, drainage facilities and terracing shall conform to the provisions of this section for cut or fill slopes steeper than 3 horizontal to 1 vertical.

(b) Terrace. Terraces at least 6 feet in width shall be established at not more than 30-foot vertical intervals on all cut or fill slopes to control surface drainage and debris except that where only one terrace is required, it shall be at midheight. For cut or fill slopes greater than 60 feet and up to 120 feet in vertical height, one terrace

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at approximately midheight shall be 12 feet in width. Terrace widths and spacing for cut and fill slopes greater than 120 feet in height shall be designed by the civil engineer and approved by the building official. Suitable access shall be provided to permit proper cleaning and maintenance.

Swales or ditches on terraces shall have a minimum gradient of 5 percent and must be paved with reinforced concrete not less than 3 inches in thickness or an approved equal paving. They shall have a minimum depth at the deepest point of 1 foot and a minimum paved width of 5 feet.

A single run of swale or ditch shall not collect runoff from a tributary area exceeding 13,500 square feet (projected) without discharging into a down drain.

(c) Subsurface Drainage. Cut and fill slopes shall be provided with subsurface drainage as necessary for stability.

(d) Disposal. All drainage facilities shall be designed to carry waters to the nearconjunction as a safe place to deposit such waters. Erosion of ground in the area
of discharge shall be prevented by installation of nonerosive downdrains or other
devices.

Building pads shall have a drainage gradient of 2 percent toward approved drainage facilities, unless waived by the building official.

EXCEPTION: The gradient from the building pad may be I percent if all of the following conditions exist throughout the permit area:

A. No proposed fills are greater than 10 feet in maximum depth.

B. No proposed finish cut or fill slope faces have a vertical height in excess of 0 feet.

C. No existing slope faces, which have a slope face steeper than 10 horizontal to 1 vertical, have a vertical height in excess of 10 feet.

(e) Interceptor Drains. Paved interceptor drains shall be installed along the top of all cut slopes where the tributary drainage area above slopes toward the cut and has a drainage path greater than 40 feet measured horizontally. Interceptor drains shall be paved with a minimum of 3 inches of concrete or gunite and reinforced. They shall have a minimum depth of 12 inches and a minimum paved width of 30 inches measured horizontally across the drain. The slope of drain shall be approved by the building official.

Erosion Control

Sec. 7013. (a) Slopes. The faces of cut and fill slopes shall be prepared and maintained to control against erosion. This control may consist of effective planting. The protection for the slopes shall be installed as soon as practicable and prior to calling for final approval. Where cut slopes are not subject to erosion due to the erosion.

resistant character of the materials, such protection may be omitted.

(b) Other Devices. Where necessary, check dams, cribbing, riprap or other devices or methods shall be employed to control erosion and provide safety.

Grading Inspection

Sec. 7014. (a) General. Grading operations for which a permit is required shall be subject to inspection by the building official. Professional inspection of grading operations shall be provided by the civil engineer, soils engineer and the engineering geologist retained to provide such services in accordance with Section 7014 (e) for engineered grading and as required by the building official for regular grading.

(b) Civil Engineer. The civil engineer shall provide professional inspection

within such engineer's area of technical specialty, which shall consist of observation and review as to the establishment of line, grade and surface drainage of the development area. If revised plans are required during the course of the work they shall be prepared by the civil engineer.

(c) Soils Engineer. The soils engineer shall provide professional inspection within such engineer's area of technical specialty, which shall include observation during grading and testing for required compaction. The soils engineer shall provide sufficient observation during the preparation of the natural ground and placement and compaction of the fill to verify that such work is being performed in accordance with the conditions of the approved plan and the appropriate requirements of this chapter. Revised recommendations relating to conditions differing from the approved soils engineering and engineering geology reports shall be submitted to the permittee, the building official and the civil engineer.

(d) Engineering Geologist. The engineering geologist shall provide professional inspection within such engineer's area of technical specialty, which shall include professional inspection of the bedrock excavation to determine if conditions encountered are in conformance with the approved report. Revised recommendations relating to conditions differing from the approved engineering geology reports shall be submitted to the soils engineer.

(e) Permittee. The permittee shall be responsible for the work to be performed in accordance with the approved plans and specifications and in conformance with the provisions of this code, and the permittee shall engage consultants, if required, to provide professional inspections on a timely basis. The permittee shall act as a coordinator between the consultants, the contractor and the building official. In the event of changed conditions, the permittee shall be responsible for informing the building official of such change and shall provide revised plans for approval.

(f) Building Official. The building official shall inspect the project at the various stages of work requiring approval to determine that adequate control is being exercised by the professional consultants.

(g) Notification of Noncompliance. If, in the course of fulfilling their respective duties under this chapter, the civil engineer, the soils engineer or the engineering geologist finds that the work is not being done in conformance with this chapter or the approved grading plans, the discrepancies shall be reported immediately in writing to the permittee and to the building official.

(h) Transfer of Responsibility. If the civil engineer, the soils engineer, or the engineering geologist of record is changed during grading, the work shall be stopped until the replacement has agreed in writing to accept their responsibility within the area of technical competence for approval upon completion of the work.

It shall be the duty of the permittee to notify the building official in writing of such change prior to the recommencement of such grading.

Completion of Work

Sec. 7015. (a) Final Reports. Upon completion of the rough grading work and at the final completion of the work, the following reports and drawings and supplements thereto are required for engineered grading or when professional inspection is performed for regular grading, as applicable.

1. An as-built grading plan prepared by the civil engineer retained to provide such services in accordance with Section 7014 (e) showing original ground surface elevations, as-graded ground surface elevations, lot drainage patterns, and the locations and elevations of surface drainage facilities and of the outlets of subsurface drains. As-constructed locations, elevations and details of subsurface drains shall be shown as reported by the soils engineer.

Civil engineers shall state that to the best of their knowledge the work within their area of responsibility was done in accordance with the final approved grading plan.

- 2. A report prepared by the soils engineer retained to provide such services in accordance with Section 7014 (c), including locations and elevations of field density tests, summaries of field and laboratory tests, other substantiating data, and comments on any changes made during grading and their effect on the recommendations made in the approved soils engineering investigation report. Soils engineers shall submit a statement that, to the best of their knowledge, the work within their area of responsibilities is in accordance with the approved soils engineering report and applicable provisions of this chapter.
- 3. A report prepared by the engineering geologist retained to provide such services in accordance with Section 7014(e), including a final description of the geology of the site and any new information disclosed during the grading and the effect of same on recommendations incorporated in the approved grading plan. Engineering geologists shall submit a statement that, to the best of their knowledge, the work within their area of responsibility is in accordance with the approved engineering geologist report and applicable provisions of this chapter.
- The grading contractor shall submit in a form prescribed by the building official a statement of conformance to said as-built plan and the specifications.
- (b) Notification of Completion. The permittee shall notify the building official when the grading operation is ready for final inspection. Final approval shall not be given until all work, including installation of all drainage facilities and their protective devices, and all erosion-control measures have been completed in accordance with the final approved grading plan, and the required reports have been submitted.